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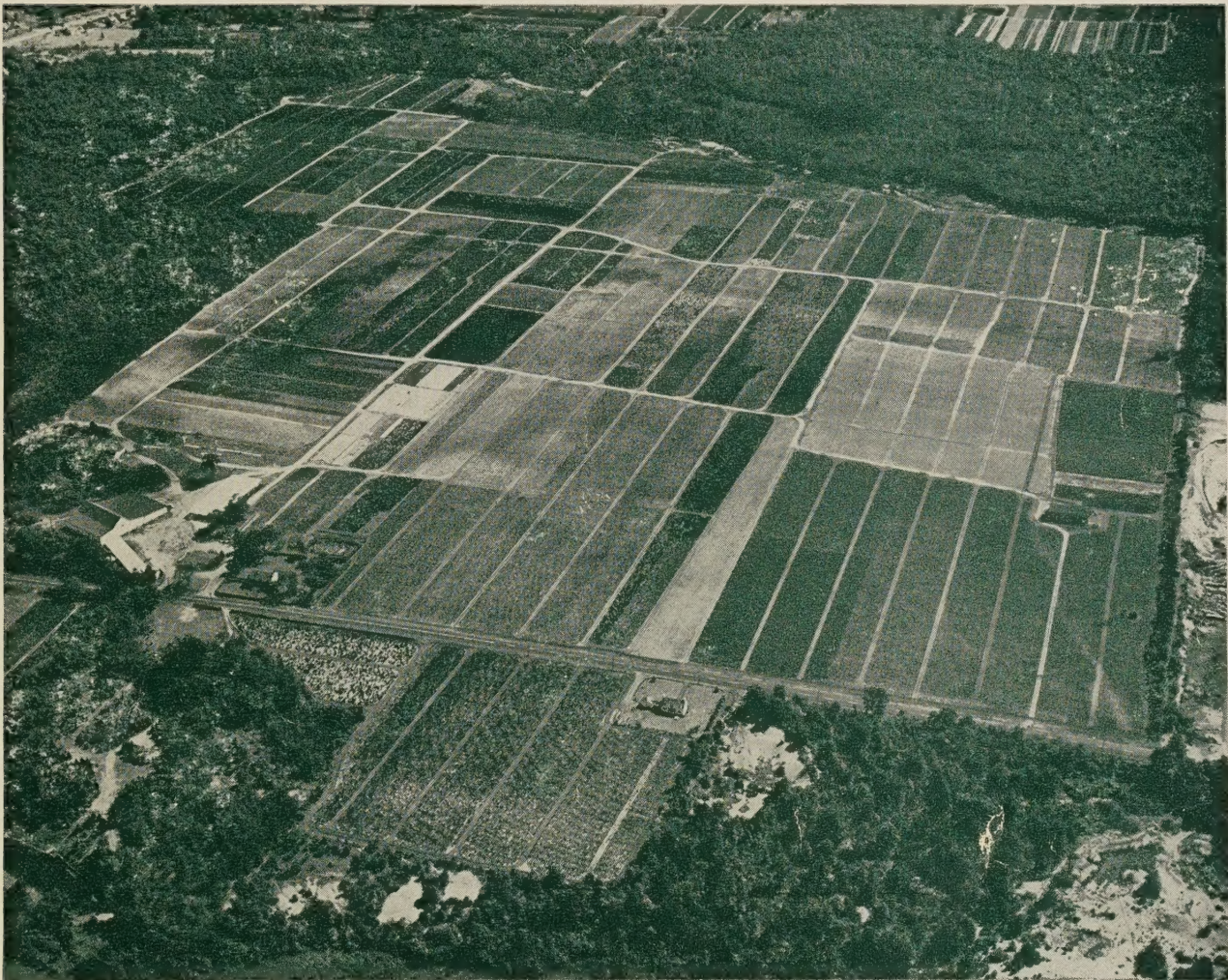
U. S. Department of Agriculture

Fiftieth Anniversary

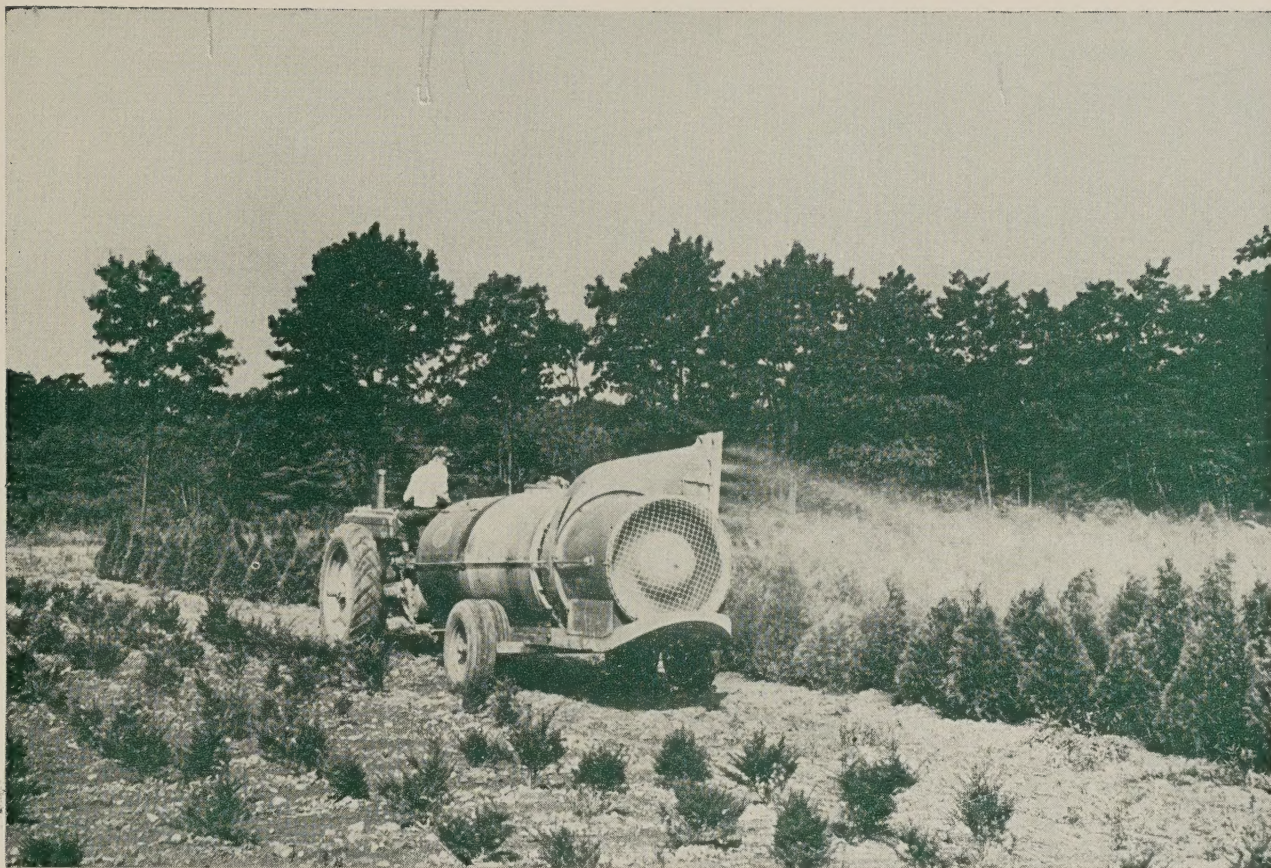
Gardner's Nurseries, Inc.

Rocky Hill - - - Connecticut

WHOLESALE PRICE LIST ENCLOSED



Bringing to your attention an aerial view of our home farm and actual pictures of our different blocks of evergreens snapped in late July and early August 1950.



Spraying American Arbor Vitae. Contact Connecticut Experiment Station if you want the real dope on bug prevention.



This is the mist blower we use for spraying. Made special for our nursery needs. We are strong believers in spraying for prevention. Our nursery is 100% clean.



TAXUS CAPITATA—30-36 in. and 36-42 in. predominating. All our upright Taxus are sheared five times a year. 30,000 in this block.



TAXUS CAPITATA—24-30 in. and 30-36 in. predominating. 20,000 in this block. Showing our irrigation sprinklers in the distance, pumping 1500 gallons per minute.



TAXUS CAPITATA—30-36 in. and 36-42 in. predominating. 40,000 plants



TAXUS CAPITATA—36-42 in. and 42-48 in. predominating. 60,000 in this block.



TAXUS CAPITATA—Transplated in 3 ft. rows in 1948.



TAXUS CAPITATA—Transplanted in 1949.



TAXUS CAPITATA—Cross section of 250,000 planted in 1949.



TAXUS CAPITATA—12-18 in. This size sheared four times every year.



TAXUS CAPITATA—Planted in 1949. 250,000 plants. 12-18 in. See Nicotine dust in the distance being applied to Rhododendrons, Andromeda and Pfitzer Juniper.



TAXUS CUSPIDATA, spreading Taxus—They have just been sheared very close to make solid bodied trees.



TAXUS CAPITATA—Planted in '49, showing how we cultivate this stock both ways every five days from April 1st to September 1st.



TAXUS CAPITATA—Showing our method of cross cultivation on small one and two year stock. We have higher tractors for older stock.



SMALL HEMLOCKS with Intermedia spreaders in the distance.



TAXUS CUSPIDATA—18-24 in. and 24-30 in.



TAXUS CUSPIDATA—18-24 in. Hemlocks 4-5 ft. and 5-6 ft. in the distance.



TAXUS CUSPIDATA will be lined out Spring '51 for the last time.



TAXUS CAPITATA—Planted in 1949.



TAXUS CUSPIDATA on the left, Taxus Capitata on the right. Cuspidata in 3 ft. rows will be dug in fall of '51 and Spring of '52.



All our Hemlocks are sheared several times a year.



HEMLOCKS waiting to be sheared for the fourth time in August. Notice the sprinklers. We applied 4 in. of water to practically all of our nursery in August. Four applications.



HEMLOCKS 2-3 ft.



HEMLOCKS—3-4 ft.



Showing our method of shearing 3-4 ft. Hemlocks. We had five men of this type that didn't do a lick but shear evergreens from April 1st to September 1st. They are Jamaicans and they know how to handle a knife, and they are a marvel.



HEMLOCKS—2-3 ft. that have been only sheared a short time.



HEMLOCKS—3-4 ft. and 4-5 ft., a few 5-6 ft., recently sheared. Wouldn't these knock your eye out?



HEMLOCKS have been sheared twice and need another badly and will get it within a week.



YOUNG HEMLOCKS—These have been sheared twice and will get another very soon.



HEMLOCKS—One year older, they need shearing again.



Old Dobbin has to do the work in these Hemlocks. It seems as though they grow out long new growth over night.



AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE—3-4 ft.



HEMLOCKS—Old Dobbin gets to know them pretty well. He has to walk up and down these rows every five or six days from April 1st to September 1st. If he isn't going up and down he's going across. He must get to know those rows pretty well!



AMERICAN ARBOR VITAE—3-4 ft. Two separate blocks. Most of these pictures are separate and distinct blocks. It is impossible not to get a cross section of some of them twice in the distance.



PYRAMID ARBORVITAE planted in Spring '50 on a block of land that was broken up a year ago.



AMERICAN ARBORVITAE—a section blocked out in '49.



A beautiful block of PYRAMID ARBORVITAE. 3-4 ft. is the average run.



A small section of our COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE, mostly 30-36 in.



A block of PLUMOSA and PLUMOSA AUREA, 24-30 in. and 30-36 in. predominating.



Cross section of part of the nursery. Small American Arborvitae in the foreground.



In the background is our evergreen shade and loading platform. The building is our apple storage. We usually store about 100,000 bushels of apples from our orchards. The trees are Globe Arborvitae, Douglas Fir, and Blue Spruce, Azalea Mollis and Taxus Brevifolia.



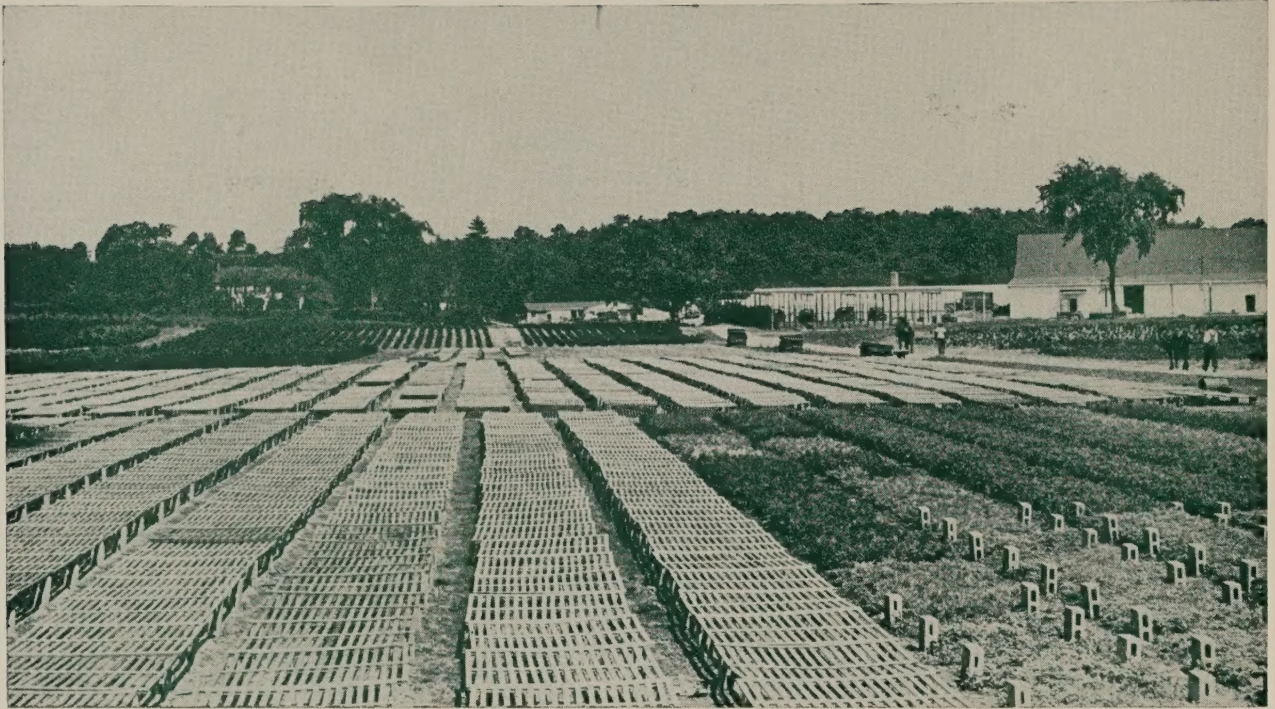
A section of American Arborvitae.



Taxus Cuspidata with 4-5 ft. and 5-6 ft. Hemlocks in the background.



Pieris Japonica. Pyramid Arborvitae in the background.



Transplanting beds.



Taxus Capitata.

